

CONTENTS

- 1. What is Internet of Things (**IoT**)?
- 2. How does IoT work?
- 3. IoT Sectors
- 4. IoT Applications and Examples
 - Agriculture
 - Healthcare
 - Education
 - Smart Cities
- 5. Advantages and Disadvantages of (IoT)
- 6. Future Trends in IoT



What is Internet of Things (IoT)?

- ✓ The Internet of Things (IoT): a network of physical devices or "things" that use sensors, software, and connectivity to share data.
- ✓ A "Thing" in the context of the IoT, is an entity or physical object that has a unique identifier ,an embedded system and the ability to transmit data over a network.
- ✓ IoT Goal is to make everything smart!



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3

Internet of Things (IoT)

Sensors

- ✓ **Sensors:** Pieces of hardware that **detect changes** in an environment and **collect data**.
 - They are the pieces of an IoT ecosystem that **bridge** the digital world to the physical world.
 - IoT sensors may detect things like temperature, pressure, and motion
 - If sensors are **connected to a network**, they share data with the network.

DIFFERENT TYPES OF SENSORS











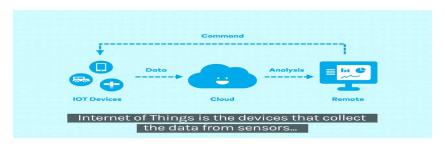


Metal Sensor Co

How does (IoT) work?

✓ Steps of IoT dataflow

- **1. Data Collection**: **IoT devices** with built-in **sensors** gather data from various locations (e.g., homes, cars).
- 2. Data Transfer: The collected data is sent to the cloud via the internet.
- 3. Data Analysis: The data is examined in the cloud to generate new insights and information.
- 4. User Actions: they remotely log in to the system to perform tasks based on the analysis



5

Internet of Things (IoT)

Sectors

- ✓ IoT Sectors: there are many important sectors that can benefit from IoT Technology for example:
 - 1. Medical and Healthcare
 - 2. Cities, Home and Building
 - 3. Education
 - 4. Agriculture

Applications (Examples)

1. Controllable slow cooker

- By using smartphone apps, we can adjust the settings on the slow cooker from anywhere.
- we can adjust temperature and cooking time and check the status of your meal.



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Internet of Things (IoT)





2. Smart Thermostat

- Smart Thermostat detects the temperature in each room
- · It allows the heating and air conditioning to run until the **desired temperature** is achieved.
- It can be connected to a mobile App



Applications (Examples)



3. Robot Vacuum

- A robot vacuum is an automated device that cleans floors without human help.
- It vacuums dirt and uses sensors to navigate around obstacles.
- Many models can be scheduled and controlled via smartphone apps.



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9

Internet of Things (IoT)

Applications (Examples)



4. Video Monitor Camera

- A Video Monitor Camera is a must-have smart device for **home or business security**.
- It can offer **real-time monitoring** for children or home because it has features like motion detection and night vision.
- Connected to a mobile app, it allows users to watch live footage, receive alerts, and review recordings from anywhere.



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Applications (Examples)



5. Smart watch

- Smart watch is a device that acts as pedometers, health monitors, weight monitors, sleep monitors, etc.
- It measures our activity, movements, and pulse, smart watch can teach us more about our bodies and inspire us to adopt healthier behaviors.



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11

Internet of Things (IoT)

Applications in Agriculture

✓ Smart agriculture uses IoT sensors to collect environmental and machine metrics where data can help farmers make decisions.

✓ Example:

- in the smart irrigation systems, the sensors that are placed in the soil monitor the moisture levels, temperature, and humidity.
- These sensors are connected to a central system that automatically controls irrigation.
- Farmers can remotely control the system using their mobiles.

Precision Farming

Decision Fa

Applications in Healthcare

✓ **IoT in Healthcare** is represented by **tracking** and **real-time health systems** which are responsible for improving patient treatment and diagnosis.

✓ Example:

- In real-time health monitoring system, wearable sensors continuously track patients' heart rate, blood pressure, oxygen and glucose levels.
- If the glucose monitor for a diabetic patient tracks that blood sugar is not normal, the system can alert the patient and doctors immediately



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13

Internet of Things (IoT)

Applications in Education



- ✓ **IoT in Education** is enabled through a growing collection of internet-connected technologies and devices that provide real-time data and valuable insights to students, parents, faculty and administration.
- ✓ Examples of IOT connected devices in schools:
 - 1. Smart lighting
 - 2. Temperature sensors
 - 3. Security cameras
 - 4. Interactive boards
 - 5. Attendance tracking systems



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Smart Cities

- ✓ A Smart city is a city that uses IoT sensors to measure and optimize important city processes such as:
 - 1. water use
 - 2. energy use
 - 3. waste management
 - 4. Parking
 - 5. Traffic
 - 6. air quality



Internet of Things (IoT)

Advantages

Advantages of IoT

- 1. Useful for personal safety
- 2. Enhanced data collection as IoT allows an accurate picture of everything
- 3. Useful in the healthcare industry
- 4. Save time and effort
- 5. Useful in traffic and other tracking or monitoring systems
- 6. Cost-Efficient Business Operations

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Internet of Things (IoT) Disadvantages

Disadvantages of IoT

- 1. Lack of Security measures which leaves users exposed to various kind of cyber attacks
- 2. Increased Privacy concerns of personal data
- 3. The complexity of IoT system
- 4. Increased unemployment
- 5. High chances of the entire system getting corrupted
- 6. High dependency on the internet

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17

Future Trends in IoT

- Widespread of Billions of Connected Devices
- Enhanced Connectivity with 5G which will enable faster data transfer and lower latency.
- Integration of AI and IoT such as self-driving cars and robots in manufacturing.
- Improved IoT Security: by Enhancing Security Measures

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